



**SouthGobi
Resources**

SouthGobi Resources Ltd.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

March 31, 2010

(Unaudited)

(Expressed in U.S. dollars)

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SOUTHGOBI RESOURCES LTD.

Condensed Consolidated Interim Statement of Comprehensive Income

(Unaudited)

(Expressed in thousands of U.S. Dollars, except for share and per share amounts)

	Notes	Three months ended	
		March 31,	
		2010	2009
CONTINUING OPERATIONS			
Revenue		\$ 13,917	\$ 3,541
Cost of sales	5	(12,730)	(3,213)
Income from mine operations		1,187	328
Administration expenses	6	(6,034)	(6,119)
Evaluation and exploration expenses		(1,651)	(768)
Operating loss from continuing operations		(6,498)	(6,559)
Finance costs	7	(163,009)	(62)
Finance income	7	575	5
Loss before tax		(168,932)	(6,616)
Current income tax expense		(10)	-
Deferred income tax recovery		671	-
Loss from continuing operations		(168,271)	(6,616)
Loss from discontinued operations	4	-	(3,344)
Net loss and comprehensive loss attributable to equity holders of the Company		\$ (168,271)	\$ (9,960)
BASIC AND DILUTED LOSS PER SHARE FROM:			
Continuing operations	8	(1.09)	(0.05)
Discontinued operations	8	-	(0.03)
Continuing and discontinued operations		(1.09)	(0.08)
Weighted average number of basic and diluted shares outstanding ('000s)	8	153,968	133,263

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

SOUTHGOBI RESOURCES LTD.
Condensed Consolidated Interim Statement of Financial Position
(Unaudited)
(Expressed in thousands of U.S. Dollars)

	Notes	As at	
		March 31, 2010	December 31, 2009
ASSETS			
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	9	\$ 723,415	\$ 357,342
Trade and other receivables		18,210	12,328
Short term investments	10	-	14,999
Inventories	11	18,297	16,384
Prepaid expenses and deposits		6,679	8,119
Total current assets		766,601	409,172
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	12	113,512	82,705
Deferred listing costs		-	4,565
Deferred income tax assets		7,618	6,947
Long term investments	10	86,384	57,070
Other receivables		238	225
Total non-current assets		207,752	151,512
Total assets		\$ 974,353	\$ 560,684
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities			
Trade and other payables		\$ 13,279	\$ 12,669
Amounts due under line of credit facility	13	3,010	3,009
Current portion of convertible debenture	14	13,030	4,712
Total current liabilities		29,319	20,390
Non-current liabilities			
Convertible debenture	14	347,460	542,351
Asset retirement obligation		940	735
Total non-current liabilities		348,400	543,086
Total liabilities		377,719	563,476
Shareholders' equity/(deficiency)			
Common shares	15	1,062,279	296,419
Share option reserve	16	24,137	22,300
Accumulated deficit	17	(489,782)	(321,511)
Total shareholders' equity/(deficiency)		596,634	(2,792)
Total shareholders' equity and liabilities		\$ 974,353	\$ 560,684
Net current assets		\$ 737,282	\$ 388,782
Total assets less current liabilities		\$ 945,034	\$ 540,294

Commitments for expenditure (Note 20)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

APPROVED BY THE BOARD:

"Andre Deenwell"
 Director

"Pierre Lebel"
 Director

SOUTHGOBI RESOURCES LTD.

Condensed Consolidated Interim Statement of Changes in Equity

(Unaudited)

(Expressed in thousands of U.S. Dollars)

	Number of shares	Common shares	Share option reserve	Accumulated deficit	Total
Balances, January 1, 2010	134,517	\$ 296,419	\$ 22,300	\$ (321,511)	\$ (2,792)
Shares issued for:					
Cash	27,228	441,130	-	-	441,130
Share issue costs	-	(27,200)	-	-	(27,200)
Conversion of convertible debenture	21,471	347,643	-	-	347,643
Interest settlement on convertible debenture	90	1,436	-	-	1,436
Exercise of stock options	378	2,851	(1,134)	-	1,717
Stock-based compensation charged to operations	-	-	2,971	-	2,971
Net loss and comprehensive loss for the period	-	-	-	(168,271)	(168,271)
Balances, March 31, 2010	183,684	\$ 1,062,279	\$ 24,137	\$ (489,782)	\$ 596,634
Balances, January 1, 2009	133,193	\$ 289,512	\$ 12,775	\$ (213,322)	\$ 88,965
Shares issued for:					
Exercise of stock options	106	419	(197)	-	222
Stock-based compensation charged to operations	-	-	3,847	-	3,847
Sale of metals division	-	-	-	2,617	2,617
Net loss	-	-	-	(9,960)	(9,960)
Balances, March 31, 2009	133,299	\$ 289,931	\$ 16,425	\$ (220,665)	\$ 85,691

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

SOUTHGObI RESOURCES LTD.
Condensed Consolidated Interim Statement of Cash Flows
(Unaudited)
(Expressed in thousands of U.S. Dollars)

	Notes	Three months ended	
		March 31,	
		2010	2009
OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Loss for the year from continuing operations before tax		\$ (168,932)	\$ (6,616)
Adjustments for:			
Depreciation and depletion		2,553	421
Share-based compensation		2,971	3,732
Fair value change on embedded derivative	14	1,372	-
Mark to market adjustment on investments		685	-
Interest income		(575)	(5)
Accrued interest expense		9,585	53
Loss on partial conversion of convertible debenture	14	151,353	-
Unrealized foreign exchange loss		370	1,068
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment		360	113
Accretion on asset retirement obligation		14	9
Operating cash flows before movements in working capital		(244)	(1,225)
Increase in inventories		(2,957)	(728)
Increase in trade and other receivables		(6,449)	(2,885)
Decrease/(increase) in prepaid expenses and deposits		1,440	(173)
Increase/(decrease) in trade and other payables		803	(856)
Cash used in continuing operations		(7,407)	(5,867)
Cash used in discontinued operations	4	-	(3,547)
Cash used in operating activities		(7,407)	(9,414)
INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Purchase of property, plant and equipment		(32,230)	(5,121)
Interest received		475	15
Maturity of short term investments		15,000	-
Purchase of long term investments		(30,000)	-
Increase in other receivables		(13)	-
Cash used in continuing operations		(46,768)	(5,106)
Cash used in discontinued operations	4	-	(652)
Cash used in investing activities		(46,768)	(5,758)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds from issuance of common shares and exercise of stock options, net of issue costs		420,211	222
Drawings under line of credit facilities		9,800	8,000
Repayments of line of credit facilities		(9,855)	-
Cash generated from financing activities		\$ 420,156	\$ 8,222
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes on cash		92	15
Increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		366,073	(6,935)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period		357,342	10,340
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period		\$ 723,415	\$ 3,405
COMPRISED OF:			
Cash and cash equivalents of continuing operations		\$ 723,415	\$ 2,201
Cash and cash equivalents of discontinued operations		-	1,204
Total cash and cash equivalents		\$ 723,415	\$ 3,405
Cash		\$ 683,399	\$ 3,405
Money market instruments		40,016	-
Total cash and cash equivalents		\$ 723,415	\$ 3,405

Supplemental cash flow information (Note 19)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

SOUTHGOBI RESOURCES LTD.

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements

March 31, 2010

(Unaudited)

(Expressed in thousands of U.S. Dollars and shares in thousands, unless otherwise indicated)

1. CORPORATE INFORMATION

SouthGobi Resources Ltd. (formerly SouthGobi Energy Resources Ltd.) is a publicly listed company incorporated in Canada with limited liability under the legislation of the Province of British Columbia and its shares are listed on the Toronto Stock Exchange and Hong Kong Stock Exchange. The company together with its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Company") is principally engaged in the acquisition, exploration, development and production of coal properties in Mongolia. The Company's parent is Ivanhoe Mines Ltd. (the "parent" or "Ivanhoe").

The head office, principal address and registered and records office of the Company are located at 999 Canada Place, Suite 654, Vancouver, British Columbia, V6C 3E1.

The Company's financial statements and those of all of its controlled subsidiaries are presented in U.S. dollars and all values are rounded to the nearest thousand dollars except where otherwise indicated. Information related to shares is presented in thousands except for loss per share information which is presented in U.S. cents.

The Company is a coal producer and a coal exploration and development company. These condensed consolidated interim financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, which contemplates the realization of assets and settlement of liabilities in the normal course of business.

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION

2.1 Statement of compliance

These condensed consolidated interim financial statements, including comparatives, have been prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standards ("IAS") 34 '*Interim Financial Reporting*' ("IAS 34") using accounting policies consistent with the International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") and Interpretations of the International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee ("IFRIC").

2.2 Basis of presentation

These condensed consolidated interim financial statements have been prepared on the basis of accounting policies and methods of computation consistent with those applied in the Company's December 31, 2009 consolidated annual financial statements.

SOUTHGOBI RESOURCES LTD.

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements

March 31, 2010

(Unaudited)

(Expressed in thousands of U.S. Dollars and shares in thousands, unless otherwise indicated)

3. SEGMENTED INFORMATION

The basis of segmentation, basis of measurement of segment profit or loss and geographical segmentation is consistent with those applied in the Company's December 31, 2009 consolidated annual financial statements.

At March 31, 2010, the Company has one reportable operating segment, being the Mongolian Coal Division, which had three active customers with the largest customer accounting for 63% of trade receivables and the other customers accounting for the remaining 37% of trade receivables. For the three months ended March 31, 2010, the largest customer accounted for 65% of revenues and the other customers accounted for the remaining 35% of revenues.

The following is an analysis of the carrying amounts of segment assets, segment liabilities and reported segment profit or loss, and revenues analyzed by operating segment and reconciled to the Company's condensed consolidated interim financial statements:

	Mongolian Coal Division	Discontinued Operations ⁽ⁱ⁾	Unallocated ⁽ⁱⁱ⁾	Consolidated Total
Segment assets				
As at March 31, 2010	\$ 162,607	\$ -	\$ 811,746	\$ 974,353
As at December 31, 2009	129,454	-	431,230	560,684
Segment liabilities				
As at March 31, 2010	\$ 12,793	\$ -	\$ 364,926	\$ 377,719
As at December 31, 2009	7,300	-	556,176	563,476
Segment losses				
For the three months ended March 31, 2010	\$ 1,426	\$ -	\$ 166,845	\$ 168,271
For the three months ended March 31, 2009	1,510	3,344	5,106	9,960
Segment revenues				
For the three months ended March 31, 2010	\$ 13,917	-	-	\$ 13,917
For the three months ended March 31, 2009	3,541	-	-	3,541

(i) The Indonesian Coal Division was treated as discontinued operations for the three months ended March 31, 2009 (Note 4)

(ii) The unallocated amount contains all amounts associated with the Corporate Division

SOUTHGOBI RESOURCES LTD.

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements

March 31, 2010

(Unaudited)

(Expressed in thousands of U.S. Dollars and shares in thousands, unless otherwise indicated)

3. SEGMENTED INFORMATION (Continued)

The following is an analysis of the revenues and non-current assets by geographical area and reconciled to the Company's condensed consolidated interim financial statements:

	<u>Mongolia</u>	<u>Hong Kong</u>	<u>Canada</u>	<u>Consolidated Total</u>
Revenues				
For the three months ended March 31, 2010	\$ 13,917	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 13,917
For the three months ended March 31, 2009	3,541	-	-	3,541
Non-current assets				
As at March 31, 2010	\$ 120,816	\$ 45	\$ 86,891	\$ 207,752
As at December 31, 2009	89,587	49	61,876	151,512

4. DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

The Company sold the Indonesia Coal Division, which is composed entirely of the Mamahak Coal Project ("Mamahak"), effective December 15, 2009. The Company divested its 85% interest in Mamahak to Kangaroo Resources Limited ("Kangaroo") for consideration comprising of \$1 million in cash and 50 million shares of Kangaroo with a fair value of \$8,776. Kangaroo is listed on the Australian Securities Exchange (KRL: ASX). The transaction was completed on December 23, 2009 and the Company incurred transaction costs of \$1 million related to the disposition of Mamahak. As a result of this transaction, the Company held 6.7% of the outstanding shares in Kangaroo on the closing date of the transaction and those shares are subject to a twelve month lock-up.

The Company has disclosed Mamahak as a discontinued operation in the three months ended March 31, 2009. The losses from discontinued operations for the three months ended March 31, 2009 were \$3,344.

SOUTHGOBI RESOURCES LTD.

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements

March 31, 2010

(Unaudited)

(Expressed in thousands of U.S. Dollars and shares in thousands, unless otherwise indicated)

5. COST OF SALES

The cost of sales of the Company is broken down into its cash and non-cash components as follows:

	Three months ended	
	March 31,	
	2010	2009
Operating expenses	\$ 10,207	\$ 2,795
Depreciation and depletion	2,523	418
Cost of sales	\$ 12,730	\$ 3,213

6. ADMINISTRATION EXPENSES

The administration expenses for the Company are broken down as follows:

	Three months ended	
	March 31,	
	2010	2009
Corporate administration	\$ 1,117	\$ 581
Legal	199	140
Professional fees	315	586
Listing fees	-	235
Salaries and benefits	3,355	3,716
Sustainability, government and community relations	628	-
Depreciation	6	4
Foreign exchange loss	414	857
Administration expenses	\$ 6,034	\$ 6,119

SOUTHGOBI RESOURCES LTD.

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements

March 31, 2010

(Unaudited)

(Expressed in thousands of U.S. Dollars and shares in thousands, unless otherwise indicated)

7. FINANCE COSTS AND INCOME

The finance costs for the Company are broken down as follows:

	Three months ended	
	March 31,	
	2010	2009
Fair value change of embedded derivatives in convertible debenture (Note 14)	\$ 1,372	\$ -
Loss on partial conversion of convertible debenture (Note 14)	151,353	-
Interest expense on convertible debenture (Note 14)	9,529	-
Interest expense on line of credit facilities (Note 13)	56	53
Mark to market loss on investments (Note 10)	685	-
Accretion of asset retirement obligation	14	9
Finance costs	\$ 163,009	\$ 62

The finance income for the Company is broken down as follows:

	Three months ended	
	March 31,	
	2010	2009
Interest income	\$ 575	\$ 5
Finance income	\$ 575	\$ 5

SOUTHGOBI RESOURCES LTD.

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements

March 31, 2010

(Unaudited)

(Expressed in thousands of U.S. Dollars and shares in thousands, unless otherwise indicated)

8. LOSS PER SHARE

The calculation of basic and diluted loss per share is based on the following data:

	Three months ended	
	March 31,	
	2010	2009
Net loss from continuing operations for the purpose of basic and diluted loss per share	\$ 168,271	\$ 6,616
Net loss from discontinued operations for the purpose of basic and diluted loss per share	\$ -	\$ 3,344
Weighted average number of shares for the purpose of basic and diluted loss per share	153,968	133,263

The basic loss per share is computed by dividing the net loss by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period. The diluted loss per share reflects the potential dilution of common share equivalents, such as preference shares, outstanding stock options, share purchase warrants and convertible debentures, in the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period, if dilutive. All of the stock options and the convertible debenture were anti-dilutive for the three months ended March 31, 2010 and 2009.

9. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash and cash equivalents of the Company are comprised of bank balances and short term money market instruments with an original maturity of three months or less. The Company's cash and cash equivalents are denominated in the following currencies:

	As at	
	March 31, 2010	December 31, 2009
Denominated In U.S. dollars	\$ 720,582	\$ 357,163
Denominated in Canadian dollars	1,579	(136)
Others	1,254	315
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 723,415	\$ 357,342

SOUTHGOBI RESOURCES LTD.

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements

March 31, 2010

(Unaudited)

(Expressed in thousands of U.S. Dollars and shares in thousands, unless otherwise indicated)

10. INVESTMENTS

The Company's investments are broken down as follows:

	As at	
	March 31, 2010	December 31, 2009
Short term investments		
Money market investments ⁽ⁱ⁾	\$ -	\$ 14,999
Long term investments		
Investment in Kangaroo Resources ⁽ⁱⁱⁱ⁾	9,173	9,876
Money market investments ⁽ⁱⁱ⁾	77,211	47,194
	86,384	57,070
Short and long term investments	\$ 86,384	\$ 72,069

(i) Money market investments with original maturities greater than ninety days and less than one year

(ii) Money market investments with original maturities greater than one year

(iii) For more information regarding this investment see Note 4

11. INVENTORIES

The Company's inventories are broken down as follows:

	As at	
	March 31, 2010	December 31, 2009
Stockpiles ⁽ⁱ⁾	\$ 3,757	\$ 9,553
Materials and supplies	14,540	6,831
Inventories	\$ 18,297	\$ 16,384

(i) Coal inventories are stated at production cost

The amount of inventories recognized as an expense during the three months ended March 31, 2010 is \$12,175 (2009: \$1,696). As at March 31, 2010, the Company anticipates the entire stockpiles balance of \$3,757 will be realized within twelve months.

SOUTHGOBI RESOURCES LTD.

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements

March 31, 2010

(Unaudited)

(Expressed in thousands of U.S. Dollars and shares in thousands, unless otherwise indicated)

12. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

The Property, plant and equipment for the Company is broken down as follows:

	Mobile equipment	Computer equipment	Furniture and fixtures	Machinery and equipment	Buildings and roads	Mineral assets	Construction in progress	Total
Cost								
As at December 31, 2009	\$ 66,688	\$ 587	\$ 499	\$ 3,222	\$ 13,594	\$ 6,085	\$ 971	\$ 91,646
Additions	26,986	75	43	751	9	5,437	452	33,753
Disposals	(464)	-	(1)	-	-	-	-	(465)
Reclassifications	231	-	-	-	-	-	(231)	-
As at March 31, 2010	\$ 93,441	\$ 662	\$ 541	\$ 3,973	\$ 13,603	\$ 11,522	\$ 1,192	\$ 124,934
Accumulated depreciation								
As at December 31, 2009	\$ (6,974)	\$ (299)	\$ (72)	\$ (583)	\$ (883)	\$ (130)	\$ -	\$ (8,941)
Charge for the period	(1,923)	(23)	(26)	(149)	(435)	(30)	-	(2,586)
Eliminated on disposals	105	-	-	-	-	-	-	105
As at March 31, 2010	\$ (8,792)	\$ (322)	\$ (98)	\$ (732)	\$ (1,318)	\$ (160)	\$ -	\$ (11,422)
Net book value								
As at December 31, 2009	\$ 59,714	\$ 288	\$ 427	\$ 2,639	\$ 12,711	\$ 5,955	\$ 971	\$ 82,705
As at March 31, 2010	\$ 84,649	\$ 340	\$ 443	\$ 3,241	\$ 12,285	\$ 11,362	\$ 1,192	\$ 113,512

In the three months ended March 31, 2010, the Company capitalized interest of \$252 (2009: \$nil) into construction in progress.

SOUTHGOBI RESOURCES LTD.

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements

March 31, 2010

(Unaudited)

(Expressed in thousands of U.S. Dollars and shares in thousands, unless otherwise indicated)

13. LINE OF CREDIT FACILITY

On December 18, 2009, the Company established a line of credit facility with Golomt Bank in Mongolia ("Bank line of credit"). The Bank line of credit facility is a twelve month revolving line of credit facility with a maximum draw-down available of \$3 million. The facility bears interest at 13% per annum and is secured by equipment in Mongolia to a value of not less than 150% of the total facility amount. The Bank line of credit facility will be used by the Company's Mongolian subsidiaries as part of their working capital management.

The movement of the amounts due under the Bank line of credit is as follows:

	Three months ended	
	March 31,	
	2010	2009
Balance, beginning of period	\$ 3,009	\$ -
Amounts advanced	9,800	-
Interest expense	56	-
Amounts repaid	(9,855)	-
Balance, end of period	\$ 3,010	\$ -

The Bank line of credit is broken down as follows:

	As at	
	March 31, 2010	December 31, 2009
Principal amount	3,000	3,000
Interest payable	10	9
Amounts due under line of credit facility	\$ 3,010	\$ 3,009

FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION

Current liabilities

Amounts due under line of credit facility	\$ 3,010	\$ 3,009
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SOUTHGOBI RESOURCES LTD.

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements

March 31, 2010

(Unaudited)

(Expressed in thousands of U.S. Dollars and shares in thousands, unless otherwise indicated)

14. CONVERTIBLE DEBENTURE

On November 19, 2009, the Company issued a convertible debenture to a wholly owned subsidiary of the China Investment Corporation ("CIC") for \$500,000, which is secured and bears interest at 8.0% per annum (6.4% payable semi-annually in cash and 1.6% payable annually in the Company's shares) and with a maximum term of 30 years.

Pursuant to the debenture conversion terms, the Company had the right to call for the conversion of up to \$250,000 of the debenture upon achieving a public float of 25% of its common shares based on a conversion price of the lower of Cdn\$11.88 and the 50-day volume-weighted average price ("VWAP"). On March 29, 2010, the Company exercised this right and completed the conversion of \$250,000 of the convertible debenture into 21,471 shares at a conversion price of \$11.64 (Cdn\$11.88). On March 29, 2010, the Company also settled the accrued interest payable in shares on the converted \$250,000 by issuing 90 shares for the \$1,436 in accrued interest converted at the 50-day VWAP conversion price of \$15.97 (Cdn\$16.29). On April 1, 2010, the Company also settled the outstanding accrued interest payable in cash on the converted debt of \$250,000 with a cash payment of \$5,742.

Based on the Company's valuations as at March 29, 2010 and March 31, 2010, the fair value of the embedded derivatives for the entire convertible debenture, including the amount converted at March 29, 2010, increased by \$1,372, which was expensed in financing costs for the three months ended March 31, 2010. In the three months ended March 31, 2010, the Company also recorded an interest expense of \$9,781 related to the convertible debenture. The interest expense is composed of the interest at the contract rate and the accretion of the debt host component of the convertible debenture. To calculate the interest expense the Company has used the contract life of 30 years and an effective interest rate of 22.2%.

The fair value of the shares issued upon the partial conversion, based on their market value, was \$347,643 compared to the carrying value of the debt host and embedded derivatives, associated with the debt of \$250,000 that was converted, of \$196,290. The difference of \$151,353 was recognized in finance costs as a loss upon partial conversion during the three months ended March 31, 2010.

SOUTHGOBI RESOURCES LTD.

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements

March 31, 2010

(Unaudited)

(Expressed in thousands of U.S. Dollars and shares in thousands, unless otherwise indicated)

14. CONVERTIBLE DEBENTURE (Continued)

The movement of the amounts due under the convertible debenture is as follows:

	Three months ended	
	March 31,	
	2010	2009
Balance, beginning of period	\$ 547,063	\$ -
Interest expense on convertible debenture	9,781	-
Fair value change on embedded derivatives	1,372	-
Loss on partial conversion of convertible debenture	151,353	-
Conversion of convertible debenture	(347,643)	-
Repayment of accrued interest	(1,436)	-
Balance, end of period	\$ 360,490	\$ -

The amounts due under the convertible debenture are further broken down as follows:

	As at	
	March 31, 2010	December 31, 2009
Debt host	\$ 90,574	\$ 184,079
Fair value of embedded derivatives	256,886	358,272
Interest payable	13,030	4,712
Convertible debenture	\$ 360,490	\$ 547,063

FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION

Current liabilities

Current portion of convertible debenture	\$ 13,030	\$ 4,712
Non-current liabilities		
Convertible debenture	347,460	542,351
Convertible debenture	\$ 360,490	\$ 547,063

SOUTHGOBI RESOURCES LTD.

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements

March 31, 2010

(Unaudited)

(Expressed in thousands of U.S. Dollars and shares in thousands, unless otherwise indicated)

14. CONVERTIBLE DEBENTURE (Continued)

The assumptions used in the Company's valuation models as at March 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009 are as follows:

	As at	
	March 31, 2010	December 31, 2009
Floor conversion price	Cdn\$8.88	Cdn\$8.88
Ceiling conversion price	Cdn\$11.88	Cdn\$11.88
Historical volatility	78%	75%
Risk free rate of return	4.02%	4.09%
Foreign exchange spot rate (U.S.\$ to Cdn\$)	0.98	0.96
Forward foreign exchange rate curve (U.S.\$ to Cdn\$)	0.90 - 0.98	0.90 - 0.95

15. SHARE CAPITAL

The Company has authorized an unlimited number of common and preferred shares with no par value. At March 31, 2010, the Company had 183,684 common shares outstanding (2009: 133,299) and no preferred shares outstanding (2009: nil).

The weighted average share price during the three months ended March 31, 2010 was Cdn\$16.89 (2009: Cdn\$8.85).

SOUTHGOBI RESOURCES LTD.

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements

March 31, 2010

(Unaudited)

(Expressed in thousands of U.S. Dollars and shares in thousands, unless otherwise indicated)

16. SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS

16.1 Stock option plan

The Company has a stock option plan which permits the Board of Directors of the Company to grant options to acquire common shares of the Company at the volume weighted average closing price for the five days preceding the date of grant. The Amended Equity Incentive Plan, approved on May 6, 2009, provides for a rolling rather than a fixed maximum number of common shares which may be issued pursuant to incentive stock options and other equity incentives, awards and issuances. The Compensation and Benefits Committee determines and makes recommendations to the Board of Directors as to the recipients of, and nature and size of, share-based compensation awards in compliance with applicable securities law, stock exchange and other regulatory requirements. The Company is authorized to issue options for a maximum of 10% of the issued and outstanding common shares pursuant to the stock option plan.

The stock option plan permits the Board of Directors of the Company to set the terms for each stock option grant, however, the general terms of stock options granted under the amended plan include a maximum exercise period of 5 years and a vesting period of 3 years with one-third of the grant vesting on the first anniversary of the grant, one-third vesting on the second anniversary of the grant and one-third vesting on the third anniversary of the grant. The options granted in the three months ended March 31, 2010, were granted with a weighted average maximum exercise period of 5.00 years (2009: 7.00 years) and a weighted average vesting period of 2.01 years (2009: 1.50 years).

During the three months ended March 31, 2010, the Company granted 200 stock options (2009: 625) to officers, employees, directors and other eligible persons at an exercise price of Cdn\$15.09 (2009: Cdn\$7.94) and an expiry date of February 8, 2015. The weighted average fair value of the options granted in the three months ended March 31, 2010, was estimated at \$7.54 (Cdn\$8.06) (2009: \$4.11, Cdn\$5.09) per option at the grant date using the Black-Scholes option pricing model. The weighted average assumptions used for the calculation were:

	Three months ended March 31, 2010	Year ended December 31, 2009
Risk free interest rate	2.19%	2.17%
Expected life	3.5 years	3.6 years
Expected volatility ⁽ⁱ⁾	74.78%	79.54%
Expected dividend per share	\$nil	\$nil

(i) Expected volatility has been based on historical volatility of the Company's publicly traded shares

SOUTHGOBI RESOURCES LTD.

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16. SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS (Continued)

16.1 Stock option plan (continued)

A share-based compensation cost of \$1,492 for the options granted in the three months ended March 31, 2010 (2009: \$2,429) will be amortized over the vesting period, of which \$124 was recognized in the three months ended March 31, 2010 (2009: \$760).

The total share-based compensation calculated for the three months ended March 31, 2010 was \$2,971 (2009: \$3,732). Share-based compensation of \$2,526 (2009: \$3,294) has been allocated to Administration expenses, \$274 (2009: \$437) has been allocated to Cost of sales and \$171 (2009: \$1) has been allocated to Evaluation and exploration expenses.

16.2 Outstanding stock options

The following is a summary of option transactions under the Company's stock option plan for the three months ended March 31, 2010:

	Three months ended		Year ended	
	March 31, 2010		December 31, 2009	
	Number of options	Weighted average exercise price (Cdn\$)	Number of options	Weighted average exercise price (Cdn\$)
Balance, beginning of period	7,254	\$ 9.11	6,586	\$ 7.18
Options granted	200	15.09	2,671	11.13
Options exercised	(378)	4.63	(1,324)	3.16
Options forfeited	(46)	13.59	(679)	9.96
Balance, end of period	7,030	\$ 9.49	7,254	\$ 9.11

The following table summarizes information about stock options outstanding and exercisable at March 31, 2010:

Exercise price (Cdn\$)	Options Outstanding			Options Exercisable		
	Options outstanding	Weighted-average exercise price (Cdn\$)	Weighted-average remaining contractual life (years)	Options outstanding and exercisable	Weighted-average exercise price (Cdn\$)	Weighted-average remaining contractual life (years)
\$0.86 - \$2.85	640	\$ 2.14	1.18	640	\$ 2.14	1.43
\$3.70 - \$6.00	2,113	5.57	2.86	1,456	5.78	2.74
\$7.16 - \$13.80	3,179	11.17	4.38	751	10.11	4.51
\$15.07 - \$18.86	1,098	16.47	3.61	325	16.68	3.58
	7,030	\$ 9.49	3.51	3,172	\$ 7.19	2.98

SOUTHGOBI RESOURCES LTD.

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17. ACCUMULATED DEFICIT AND DIVIDENDS

The Company has incurred losses since inception and at March 31, 2010 the Company has accumulated a deficit of \$489,782 (December 31, 2009: \$321,511).

No dividends have been paid or declared by the Company since inception.

18. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The consolidated interim financial statements include the results or financial information of SouthGobi Resources Ltd. and its subsidiaries listed in the following table:

Name	Country of incorporation	% equity interest	
		March 31, 2010	December 31, 2009
Asia Gold International Holding Company Ltd.	British Virgin Islands	100%	100%
SouthGobi Energy Resources (Hong Kong) Ltd.	Hong Kong	100%	100%
Dayarbulag LLC	Mongolia	100%	100%
SouthGobi Sands LLC	Mongolia	100%	100%
Transbaikal Gold	Russia	100%	100%
SGQ Coal Investment Pte. Ltd.	Singapore	100%	100%
SGQ Dayarcoal Mongolia Pte. Ltd.	Singapore	100%	100%

18.1 Related party expenses

The Company incurred the following expenses with Ivanhoe, I2MS.NET PTE LTD ("I2MS") and Global Mining Management ("GMM"), companies related by way of directors or shareholders in common. As at March 31, 2009, Ivanhoe owned approximately 57% of the outstanding common shares of the Company.

SOUTHGOBI RESOURCES LTD.

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements

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(Unaudited)

(Expressed in thousands of U.S. Dollars and shares in thousands, unless otherwise indicated)

18. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

18.1 Related party expenses (continued)

Below is an analysis of the Company's related party expenses:

	Three months ended	
	March 31,	
	2010	2009
Corporate administration	\$ 609	\$ 229
Salaries and benefits	808	300
Interest	-	53
Related party expenses	\$ 1,417	\$ 582

The corporate administration and salaries and benefits have been recorded on a cost recovery basis and the interest expense has been recorded on the contractual amount basis.

The breakdown of the expenses between the different related parties is as follows:

	Three months ended	
	March 31,	
	2010	2009
GMM	\$ 981	\$ 408
Ivanhoe	300	53
I2MS	136	121
Related party expenses	\$ 1,417	\$ 582

18.2 Related party assets

The assets of the Company include the following amounts due from related parties:

	As at	
	March 31, 2010	December 31, 2009
Amounts due from GMM	\$ 238	\$ 225

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Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements

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(Unaudited)

(Expressed in thousands of U.S. Dollars and shares in thousands, unless otherwise indicated)

18. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

18.3 Related party liabilities

The liabilities of the Company include the following amounts due to related parties:

	As at	
	March 31, 2010	December 31, 2009
Amounts due to GMM	\$ 256	\$ 240
Accounts payable to Ivanhoe	39	158
Accounts payable to I2MS	127	211
Related party liabilities	\$ 422	\$ 609

19. SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOW INFORMATION

19.1 Non-cash financing and investing activities

The Company incurred the following non-cash investing and financing transactions in the three months ended March 31, 2010:

	Three months ended March 31,	
	2010	2009
Conversion of convertible debenture	\$ 347,643	\$ -
Interest settlement on convertible debenture	1,436	-
Transfer of share option reserve upon exercise of options	1,134	198
Non-cash financing and investing activities	\$ 350,213	\$ 198

SOUTHGOBI RESOURCES LTD.

Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements

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19. SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOW INFORMATION (Continued)

19.2 Cash payments for interest and taxes

The Company made the following cash payments for interest and income taxes in the three months ended March 31, 2010:

	Three months ended	
	March 31,	
	2010	2009
Interest paid	\$ 55	\$ -
Taxes paid	-	-
Total cash payments	\$ 55	\$ -

20. COMMITMENTS FOR EXPENDITURE

As at March 31, 2010, the Company had the following commitments that have not been disclosed elsewhere in these condensed consolidated financial statements:

	As at March 31, 2010				Total
	Within 1 year	2-3 years	4-5 Years	Over 5 years	
Capital expenditure commitments	\$24,602	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$24,602
Minimum rental and lease payments	1,380	2,223	417	-	4,020
Commitments	\$25,982	\$ 2,223	\$ 417	\$ -	\$28,622

21. APPROVAL OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The condensed consolidated financial statements of SouthGobi Resources Ltd. for the three months ended March 31, 2010, were approved and authorized for issue by the Board of Directors on May 14, 2010.



**SouthGobi
Resources**

SouthGobi Resources Ltd.

**MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION
AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS**

March 31, 2010

(Unaudited)

(Expressed in U.S. dollars)

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

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SOUTHGOBI RESOURCES LTD.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

March 31, 2010

(unaudited)

(expressed in U.S. Dollars)

1. OVERVIEW

SouthGobi Resources Ltd., (which, together with its subsidiaries, is collectively referred to as the "Company" or "SouthGobi") is an integrated exploration, development and coal mining company. Since acquiring significant coal assets in Mongolia in a series of transactions (the "coal transaction") with Ivanhoe Mines Ltd. ("Ivanhoe"), the Company's strategic focus has been in developing and operating coal mining projects.

The Company's common shares trade on the Toronto Stock Exchange ("TSX") under the symbol SGQ. Upon completion of the International Offering and the Canadian Offering and the secondary listing of the common shares on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange on January 29, 2010, the Company's shares also trade on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange under stock code symbol 1878.

The Company owns the following significant coal projects in Mongolia: the Ovoot Tolgoi open pit producing coal mine ("Ovoot Tolgoi Mine"), and two development projects, the Soumber Deposit, and the Ovoot Tolgoi Underground Deposit. The Ovoot Tolgoi Complex comprises the Ovoot Tolgoi Mine together with the Ovoot Tolgoi Underground Deposit.

The Ovoot Tolgoi Mine, strategically located approximately 40 kilometers ("km") from the China-Mongolia border, is the Company's flagship producing asset. The Company commenced mining at Ovoot Tolgoi's Sunset Pit in April 2008 and commenced coal sales in September 2008. The products from the Ovoot Tolgoi Mine include coking, premium and thermal coals, which are being sold to customers in China. Since the commencement of production in late 2008 until March 31, 2010, the Company has sold approximately 1.8 million tonnes of coal from the Ovoot Tolgoi Mine. During the quarter ended March 31 2010, the Company sold approximately 426,000 tonnes of coal. The Ovoot Tolgoi Mine is covered by a single 9,308 hectare ("ha") mining license and a corresponding permit to mine.

The Soumber Deposit is located approximately 20 km to the east of the Ovoot Tolgoi Mine, which could allow the operations to share existing infrastructure in the event a mine is developed there. Preliminary exploration results show potential for thick seams of coking coal, and a resource has been established confirming the deposit. The Company has started further exploration and drilling on the deposit to fully investigate the feasibility of this project and to prepare for licensing.

The Company has conducted substantial exploration activities at the Ovoot Tolgoi Underground Deposit and has delineated mineral resources at this project. The Ovoot Tolgoi Underground Deposit is covered by the existing Ovoot Tolgoi Mining License.

In addition, the Company owns the Tsagaan Tolgoi Deposit in Mongolia, which has a mining license.

SOUTHGOBI RESOURCES LTD.

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1. OVERVIEW (Continued)

1.1 Corporate Developments

Ovoot Tolgoi Complex

Coal shipments from the Ovoot Tolgoi Mine commenced in late September 2008. Throughout 2009, the Company continued coordinating efforts with the Mongolian Government and various agencies to improve border crossing access for coal shipments. In July 2009, Mongolian and Chinese officials met at the Mongolian-Chinese border and allocated designated gates for coal exports to create an expedited coal border crossing corridor.

As a result of continuing discussions with the Mongolian Government, border access has improved through early 2010, which will allow for increased shipments to the Company's primary market in China.

Total shipments for the year ended December 31 2009 were 1.3 million tonnes with an average realized selling price of \$29 per tonne. Total shipments for the quarter ended March 31 2010 were 426,000 tonnes with an average realized selling price of \$36 per tonne.

The Company continues to ramp up production at the Ovoot Tolgoi Mine. The additional equipment for the second mining fleet including the larger Liebherr 996 shovel, four 218 tonne Terex haul trucks and various auxiliary equipment has been delivered throughout the fourth quarter of 2009 and early 2010 and is being progressively commissioned. The Company expects that the third mining fleet, already ordered, will be commissioned in late 2010.

On October 12, 2009, the Company announced that it completed a prefeasibility study for the Ovoot Tolgoi Mine resulting in the identification of Proven and Probable Mineral Reserves. The independent estimate prepared by Norwest Corporation ("Norwest") calculated 105 million tonnes of proven and 9.1 million tonnes of probable surface coal reserves at July 1, 2009. Details of the assumptions and parameters used to calculate these coal resources and coal quality estimates are set out in the Technical Report entitled, "Coal Geology, Resources and Reserves Ovoot Tolgoi: A Production Property. Omnogovi Aimag, Mongolia" dated October 21, 2009, and available at www.sedar.com.

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1. OVERVIEW (Continued)

The Company also announced that it had received an updated independent NI 43-101 compliant resource estimate for the Ovoot Tolgoi Complex, prepared by Norwest. Details of the assumptions and parameters used to calculate these coal resources and coal quality estimates are set out in the Technical Report entitled, "Coal Geology, Resources and Reserves Ovoot Tolgoi: A Production Property. Omnogovi Aimag, Mongolia" dated October 21, 2009, and available at www.sedar.com.

The Ovoot Tolgoi Complex surface and underground resources contain measured resources of 181.7 million tonnes plus indicated coal resources of 68.1 million tonnes, with an additional inferred coal resource of 33.5 million tonnes as at June 1, 2009.

Ovoot Tolgoi Complex resources are found in two different resource areas, referred to as the Sunrise and Sunset Fields (formerly the South-East and West Fields, respectively). The Mineral Resources are inclusive of the Mineral Reserves.

To further enhance the value of the Company's products, the Company has approved the construction of a basic coal handling facility. The initial design has been completed and engineering details for the major components are well advanced.

Soumber Deposit

On October 12, 2009, the Company reported that it had received an initial independent NI 43-101 compliant resource estimate for the Soumber coal project, prepared by Norwest. Details of the assumptions and parameters used to calculate these coal resources and coal quality estimates are set out in the Technical Report entitled, "Soumber Property Umnugobi Aimag, Mongolia" dated October 21, 2009, and available at www.sedar.com.

The Soumber coal project and resource area is estimated to contain initial measured resources of 13.1 million tonnes plus indicated coal resources of 8.3 million tonnes, with an additional inferred coal resource of 55.5 million tonnes as at August 11, 2009.

In March 2010, drilling commenced at the Soumber deposit to expand and better define the resource. Preparatory work for a formal mining license application continues.

SOUTHGOBI RESOURCES LTD.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

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(unaudited)

(expressed in U.S. Dollars)

1. OVERVIEW (Continued)

1.2 Corporate Activity

The Company's common shares began trading on the TSX on December 3, 2009. SouthGobi was previously listed on the TSX Venture Exchange.

On January 29, 2010, the Company closed a global equity offering of 27 million common shares at a price of Cdn\$17.00 per common share, for gross proceeds of Cdn\$459 million. The Company commenced trading on the Main Board of the Hong Kong Stock Exchange on the same day and became the first Canadian mining company to have dual listings on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange and the TSX.

Effective February 8, 2010, the Company appointed Tony Pearson as the Vice-President, Corporate Development. Mr. Pearson has an extensive background in infrastructure financing in the mining industry and has held senior positions with the Australian Securities & Investments Commission, Citigroup's Metals and Mining Investment banking team, and Westpac Banking Corporation.

On February 10, 2010, the Mongolian National Chamber of Commerce and Industry selected Southgobi sands LLC, a wholly-owned subsidiary of SouthGobi, as the "Local Job Creator of the Year" for 2009. The purpose of this commemorative prize is to encourage and support the hiring of local residents in remote areas of Mongolia.

On February 26, 2010, Citigroup Global Markets Canada Inc. and Macquarie Capital Markets Canada, representatives of the Canadian underwriters of the Company's global equity offering, partially exercised their over-allotment option and purchased an additional 228,100 common shares of the Company at a price of Cdn\$17.00 per share for gross proceeds of Cdn\$3,877,700.

On March 29, 2010 the Company converted \$250 million of the \$500 million convertible debenture into 21,471,045 common shares of the Company. Following the conversion China Investment Corporation ("CIC), through its indirect wholly owned subsidiary, owns approximately 13% of the Company.

On May 11, 2010, the Company's shareholders approved the Company's name change to SouthGobi Resources Ltd.

As of May 14, 2010, Ivanhoe directly and indirectly, owned 105,332,155 common shares representing approximately 57% of the issued and outstanding common shares of SouthGobi.

SOUTHGOBI RESOURCES LTD.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

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2. FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

Except for statements of fact relating to the Company, certain information contained herein constitutes forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements are frequently characterized by words such as “plan”, “expect”, “project”, “intend”, “believe”, “anticipate” and other similar words, or statements that certain events or conditions “may” or “will” occur. Forward-looking statements are based on the opinions and estimates of management at the dates the statements are made, and are subject to a variety of risks and uncertainties and other factors that could cause actual events or results to differ materially from those projected in the forward-looking statements. These factors include the inherent risks involved in the exploration and development of mineral properties, the uncertainties involved in interpreting drilling results and other geological data, fluctuating commodity prices, the possibility of project cost overruns or unanticipated costs and expenses, uncertainties related to completion results of planned exploration and development programs on the Company's material properties, issuance of licenses and permits and the availability of and costs of financing needed in the future and other factors described in this discussion under the heading “Outlook”. Except as required by law, the Company undertakes no obligation to update forward-looking statements if circumstances or management's estimates or opinions should change. The reader is cautioned not to place undue reliance on forward-looking statements.

SOUTHGOBI RESOURCES LTD.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

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3. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires the Company to establish accounting policies and to make estimates that affect both the amount and timing of the recording of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses.

A detailed summary of all of the Company's significant accounting policies is included in Note 4 to the annual Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended December 31, 2009. Note 3 to the annual Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended December 31, 2009, provides a review of the significant changes to the reported financial position and results of operations of the Company under Canadian GAAP and IFRS.

The following is an outline of the estimates that the Company considers as critical in the preparation of its consolidated financial statements.

Mineral properties

All direct costs related to the acquisition of mineral property interests are capitalized into intangible assets on a property by property basis. Exploration costs, net of incidental revenues, are charged to operations in the period incurred until such time as it has been determined that a property has economically recoverable reserves, in which case subsequent exploration costs and the costs incurred to develop a property are capitalized into property, plant and equipment ("PPE"). On the commencement of commercial production, depletion of each mining property will be provided on a unit-of-production basis using estimated resources as the depletion base.

The commencement of commercial production is deemed to occur on a determination made by management. Management's determination of when commercial production commences is based on several qualitative and quantitative factors including but not limited to the following:

- the elevation or bench where the coal to be mined has been reached
- the commissioning of major mine and plant equipment is completed
- operating results are being achieved in a consistent manner

However, the production phase does not commence with the removal of *de minimis* saleable mineral materials that occur in conjunction with the removal of overburden or waste material for the purpose of obtaining access to an ore body.

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3. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (Continued)

Decommissioning, restoration and similar liabilities (Asset retirement obligation or "ARO")

The Company recognizes provision for statutory, contractual, constructive or legal obligations, including those associated with the reclamation of mineral properties and mineral assets under PPE, when those obligations result from the acquisition, construction, development or normal operation of the assets. Initially, a provision for an asset retirement obligation is recognized as its present value in the period in which it is incurred. Upon initial recognition of the liability, the corresponding asset retirement obligation is added to the carrying amount of the related asset and the cost is amortized as an expense over the economic life of the asset using either the unit-of-production method or the straight-line method, as appropriate. Following the initial recognition of the asset retirement obligation, the carrying amount of the liability is increased for the passage of time and adjusted for changes to the current market-based discount rate, amount or timing of the underlying cash flows needed to settle the obligation.

Inventory valuation

Coal inventories are stated at lower of production cost and net realizable value. Production costs include direct and indirect labour, operating materials and supplies, transportation costs and an appropriate portion of fixed and variable overhead expenses, including depreciation and depletion. Net realizable value represents the estimated selling price for inventories less all estimated costs of completion and costs necessary to make the sale.

Materials and supplies inventory consists of consumable parts and supplies which are valued at lower of weighted average cost and net realizable value. Supplies used in the production of inventories are not written down below cost if the finished products in which they will be incorporated are expected to be sold at or above cost. Net realizable value is defined as the selling price of the finished product less any provisions for obsolescence and costs of completion.

Stripping costs

Stripping costs incurred during the development of a mine are capitalized into PPE. Stripping costs incurred during the commercial production phase are variable production costs that are included in the costs of inventory produced during the period that the stripping costs are incurred, unless the stripping activity can be shown to give rise to future benefits from the mineral property, in which case the stripping costs would be capitalized into PPE.

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3. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (Continued)

Future benefits arise when stripping activity increases the future output of the mine by providing access to a new ore body that the previously deferred stripping costs in an area did not give access to. When stripping activities give rise to a future economic benefit, the costs associated with these activities are capitalized into PPE. Capitalized stripping costs are depleted on a unit-of-production basis, using estimated resources as the depletion base.

Income taxes

Current income tax assets and liabilities for the current and prior periods are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted at the end of each reporting period.

Deferred income tax is provided using the liability method on temporary differences, at the end of each reporting period, between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes.

Revenue recognition

Revenue represents the fair value of consideration received and receivable that is derived from the sales of coal. Sales revenues are recognized when the risks and rewards of ownership pass to the buyer, collection is reasonably assured and the price is reasonably determinable. The revenue from sales of coal in the ordinary course of business is recognized when coal is either loaded onto a truck or when it is unloaded at the final destination, depending on the terms of the contract.

Share-based payments

Share-based payment transactions

Employees (including directors and senior executives) of the Company receive a portion of their remuneration in the form of share-based payment transactions, whereby employees render services as consideration for equity instruments ("equity-settled transactions").

In situations where equity instruments are issued to non-employees and some or all of the goods or services received by the entity as consideration cannot be specifically identified, they are measured at fair value of the share-based payment. Otherwise, share-based payments are measured at the fair value of goods or services received.

SOUTHGOBI RESOURCES LTD.

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3. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES (Continued)

Equity-settled transactions

The costs of equity-settled transactions with employees are measured by reference to the fair value at the date on which they are granted.

The costs of equity-settled transactions are recognized, together with a corresponding increase in equity, over the period in which the performance and/or service conditions are fulfilled, ending on the date on which the relevant employees become fully entitled to the award ("the vesting date"). The cumulative expense is recognized for equity-settled transactions at each reporting date until the vesting date reflects the Company's best estimate of the number of equity instruments that will ultimately vest. The profit or loss charge or credit for a period represents the movement in cumulative expense recognized as at the beginning and end of that period and the corresponding amount is represented in share option reserve. No expense is recognized for awards that do not ultimately vest.

Where the terms of an equity-settled award are modified, the minimum expense recognized is the expense as if the terms had not been modified. An additional expense is recognized for any modification which increases the total fair value of the share-based payment arrangement, or is otherwise beneficial to the employee as measured at the date of modification.

The dilutive effect of outstanding options is reflected as additional dilution in the computation of earnings per share.

Property, plant and equipment

PPE is stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. The cost of an item of PPE consists of the purchase price, any costs directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for its intended use and an initial estimate of the costs of dismantling and removing the item and restoring the site on which it is located.

Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost of PPE, less their estimated residual value, using the straight-line method or unit-of-production method.

SOUTHGOBI RESOURCES LTD.

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(expressed in U.S. Dollars)

4. MINERAL PROPERTIES

4.1 Qualified Persons

Disclosure of a scientific or technical nature in this MD&A with respect to the Company's Coal Division was prepared by, or under the supervision of Stephen Torr (P.Geo.) and Resource Manager. Mr. Torr is a "qualified person" for the purposes of National Instrument 43-101 of the Canadian Administrators ("NI 43-101").

4.2 Mongolia Exploration and Mining Licenses

The coal transaction was completed in May 2007, when the Company acquired Ivanhoe's Coal Division, including Ivanhoe's entire interest in the Ovoot Tolgoi Complex (formerly Nariin Sukhait), the Tsagaan Tolgoi Deposit and various coal exploration projects in Mongolia. To complete the transaction, 35 coal exploration licenses held by Ivanhoe, along with other assets and personnel, were transferred to the Company. The Company already owned a further 19 exploration licenses with coal potential, and with the additional 35 licenses, a total of 54 licenses covering an area of approximately 2.1 million hectares ("ha") were then available for coal exploration.

The Company regularly targets and prioritizes a number of licenses on the basis of potential, age, and cost.

As at April 30, 2010, the Company held 18 licenses, including the two mining licenses, which in total cover an area of approximately 784,000 ha.

The 18 licenses are located around the existing mining area in the western part of the South Gobi Province, but also further east, including a substantial holding around another known third-party owned Mongolian coal deposit called Tavan Tolgoi. Out of these 18 licenses, four may be affected by a new Mongolian law that prohibits minerals exploration and mining in certain areas.

Pursuant to the Mining Prohibition in Specified Areas Law, the Mongolian Government was instructed to define the boundaries of the areas in which exploration and mining would be prohibited by October 16, 2009. However, the Mongolian Government has not yet approved and published this information.

A draft list of licenses has been prepared that overlap with the prohibited areas described in the new law based on information submitted by water authority agencies, forest authority agencies and local authorities for submission to the Mongolian Government. The Mongolian Government must give its final approval before the final list can be published; licenses may be added or subtracted to the list at any time prior to approval and publication of the final list.

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4. MINERAL PROPERTIES (Continued)

Four of the Company's exploration licenses may be included on the draft list of licenses published by the Mongolian Government, potentially affecting the status of those licenses under the Mining Prohibition in Specified Areas Law.

Activities currently being carried out on these properties include drilling, trenching and geological reconnaissance. The Company has no immovable assets located in any of the potentially affected areas and the loss of any or all of the potentially affected properties would not materially and adversely affect the existing operations or resources.

Unless stated otherwise, the Company has a 100% interest in its coal projects.

4.3 Properties in Mongolia

Ovoot Tolgoi Mine

The Ovoot Tolgoi Complex comprises the Ovoot Tolgoi Mine together with the Ovoot Tolgoi Underground Deposit.

The Ovoot Tolgoi Mine is located in the southwest corner of the Omnogovi Aimag (South Gobi Province) of Mongolia. The deposit is within the administrative unit of Gurvantes Soum, 320 km southwest of the provincial capital of Dalanzadgad and 950 km southwest of the nation's capital of Ulaanbaatar.

Ivanhoe first initiated coal exploration in the Ovoot Tolgoi area in October 2004 and extensive exploration programs were also carried out in 2005, 2006 and 2007. Mining operations at the Ovoot Tolgoi property are found in two distinct areas, referred to as the Sunset Pit to the west and the Sunrise Pit to the east.

In 2009, the Company engaged Norwest to complete a new technical report for the Ovoot Tolgoi area incorporating outstanding data obtained from drilling to the end of 2008, reflecting a redesign of the surface mine, updating the resource models and delineating reserves based on a pre-feasibility level of engineering.

On October 12, 2009, the Company announced an independent resource estimate prepared by Norwest under the requirements of NI 43-101. Norwest estimated that the Ovoot Tolgoi Mine contained approximately 114.1 million tonnes of reserves, calculated as 105 million tonnes of proven and 9.1 million tonnes of probable surface coal reserves at July 1, 2009, 135.9 million tonnes of measured resources, 35.1 million tonnes of indicated resources and 13.0 million tonnes of inferred resources. The Mineral Resources are inclusive of Mineral Reserves.

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4. MINERAL PROPERTIES (Continued)

The coal rank at the Ovoot Tolgoi Mine is high volatile B to A bituminous. High volatile B produces between 7,212 to 7,785 kcal/kg and high volatile A produces greater than 7,785 kcal/kg heat output.

Three coal products are presently being mined or are expected to be produced at the Ovoot Tolgoi Mine; a coking (or metallurgical) coal, a premium coal with applications for semi-soft/PCI coking coal or a high-quality thermal coal, and a thermal coal product for use in power generation.

All three coal types are currently sold directly from the mine without any beneficiation or washing. In-pit sampling and on-site laboratory analysis determines which product is currently being mined and the products are then separately stockpiled and blended to meet specific customer requirements.

To further enhance the value of our products, the Company has approved the construction of a basic coal handling facility. The initial design and engineering details for the major components have been established.

In 2009, coal shipments in the first quarter were approximately 127,000 tonnes. With increasing sales, total shipments in the first quarter of 2010 were 426,000 tonnes. Total shipments since the mine commenced production have now exceeded 1.8 million tonnes.

In order to increase the amount of coal traffic across the border, in July 2009, Chinese and Mongolian authorities agreed to create a designated coal transportation corridor at the Shivee Khuren-Ceke border crossing. This facility is currently under construction and is expected to be operational by the third quarter of 2010. When completed, it will permit coal to be transported across the border through three corridors that are separate from other, non-coal, border traffic. The Company believes that these improvements in the border crossing capacity will allow the Company to continue to substantially increase the amount of coal shipped into China. On April 28, 2010, the Mongolian government approved a plan that would allow the border check-point to operate 24 hours per day, seven days per week. This is expected to begin in the second half of the year.

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4. MINERAL PROPERTIES (Continued)

The Ovoot Tolgoi Mine's proximity to the Shivee Khuren-Ceke border crossing allows the Company's customers to transport coal by truck on an unpaved road from the mine site to China. The Company is currently studying the feasibility of building additional road infrastructure from the Ovoot Tolgoi Complex to the Mongolia-China border.

A north-south railway line currently connects Ceke with Jiayuguan City in Gansu Province and with the interior of China. Another east-west railway line from Ceke to Linhe, an industrial city in eastern Inner Mongolia, is expected to be operational in 2010. This line is anticipated to have an initial transportation capacity of approximately 15 million tonnes per year, later increasing to 25 million tonnes per year. Using this route coal can be shipped to Baotou and further east to ports on China's Bohai Gulf.

Since December 2008, the Company has been engaged in various levels of discussions with railway contractors regarding the feasibility of developing a coal railway spur from the Ovoot Tolgoi Mine to the Mongolia-China border.

Southgobi sands LLC, a wholly owned Mongolia subsidiary of SouthGobi, employed 377 employees as at March 31, 2010. Of the 377 employees, 49, including expatriates, are employed in the Ulaanbaatar office, 4 in outlying smaller offices including the Ceke border point and 324 at the mine site. Of the total 377 employees based in Mongolia, 368 (98%) are Mongolian nationals and 113 (30%) are residents of the local Gurvantes Soum.

In April 2008, the Company purchased a second fleet of coal mining equipment for the open pit mine, with some equipment commissioned in the fourth quarter of 2009 and the remaining equipment scheduled to be progressively commissioned by mid 2010. The new shovel and truck mining fleet consists of a Liebherr 996 hydraulic excavator (34m³) and four Terex MT4400 (218-tonne capacity) trucks. The new fleet will supplement the existing mine fleet consisting of a Liebherr 994 hydraulic excavator (13.5 m³) and seven Terex TR100 (91-tonne capacity) trucks.

Additional equipment will be required as production at the mine expands, including larger hydraulic shovels, larger end dump trucks and larger dozers and graders. The Company has entered into an agreement with a Mongolian supplier for a third fleet including an additional larger Liebherr 996 hydraulic excavator (34m³), four Terex MT4400 (218-tonne capacity) trucks and various auxiliary equipment. The third fleet is expected to be delivered in late-2010, with an additional fourth fleet of equipment ordered in April 2010 for delivery in 2011. The additional larger equipment is expected to increase productivity. However, the Company will continue to employ the smaller initial fleet in areas of thinner seams and to supplement the larger equipment.

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4. MINERAL PROPERTIES (Continued)

Throughout the current quarter ended March 31, 2010, the Company continued to develop its coal markets in China. Total sales in the quarter ended March 31, 2010 were 426,000 tonnes consisting of premium and thermal coal. Although the Company continues to sell its coal on shorter term contracts, with consistent pricing increases, longer term contracts will be pursued as the Company develops contacts with larger customers in China.

Ovoot Tolgoi Underground Deposit

The Ovoot Tolgoi Underground Deposit is contiguous to, and located directly below, the surface mine development. The entire extension of the coal at depth from 250 to 600 m that is designated for potential underground development is located inside the existing Ovoot Tolgoi mining license.

The 2008 exploration program concentrated on the underground located in the Sunset Pit. This drilling was conducted to obtain additional information respecting the structure and quality of the deep underground coal mineralization. The drilling conducted in 2006 and 2007 identified coking and semi-soft coal at depths of between 250 m and 600 m beneath the lower boundaries of the planned open pits at Sunrise and Sunset. The No. 5 coal seam continues to be open at depth and along strike.

On October 12, 2009, the Company announced an independent resource estimate prepared by Norwest under the requirements of NI 43-101. Norwest estimated that the Ovoot Tolgoi Underground Deposit contained approximately 45.8 million tonnes of measured resources, 33 million tonnes of indicated resources and 20.5 million tonnes of inferred resources.

Having identified underground resources at the Ovoot Tolgoi Underground Deposit, the Company is investigating the possibility of mining these resources using underground mining methods.

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4. MINERAL PROPERTIES (Continued)

Soumber Deposit

The Soumber Deposit is located approximately 20 km east of the Ovoot Tolgoi Mine. It lies within the administrative unit of Gurvantes Soum in the Omnogovi Aimag (South Gobi Province), approximately 50 km northeast of the Shivee Khuren-Ceke border crossing.

Exploration and drilling programs at Soumber first started in 2005 in the western field. Sixty-two holes were drilled during 2005 and 2006 that confirmed the potential for a significant coal deposit in the area. Between 2007 and 2008, over 121 drill holes, totaling 24,512 m of drilling were completed. In 2009, the Company conducted geotechnical and hydrological programs in the Soumber central field. The exploration geology fieldwork included reconnaissance mapping, trenching, geologic descriptions of drilling returns, geotechnical data, field logs and database development.

Based on the drill hole data distribution, the Soumber coal field can be divided into three prospective areas: central, east and west. The majority of exploration activity has focused on the central Soumber field. The coal occurrence on the Soumber central field can be divided into seven separate seams, or benches of a seam separated by rock interburden. The seams themselves are composed of coal intercalated with numerous rock partings. The coal seams in the Soumber field may not be directly correlative to the Ovoot Tolgoi coal seams.

On October 12, 2009, the Company announced that it had received an initial independent resource estimate for the Soumber Deposit. The coal resources estimated at the Soumber central field are comprised of measured coal resources of 13.1 million tonnes, indicated coal resources of 8.3 million tonnes and inferred coal resources of 55.5 million tonnes. Laboratory data demonstrated that some of the coal benches exhibit potential coking coal characteristics. The coal rank ranges between high to medium volatile bituminous coal, having an average calorific value range of 5,172 to 6,728 kcal/kg. The Soumber Deposit has potential to increase coal resources to the east and to the west as well as at depth. The resource estimate incorporates exploration data up to August 11, 2009, down to a depth of 250 m below surface.

Additional drilling commenced in March 2010. The drilling will expand and better define the resource and includes a series of open-holes and core holes.

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4. MINERAL PROPERTIES (Continued)

Due to the proximity to the Ovoot Tolgoi Mine, any future mining operation at the Soumber Deposit would likely be able to share common infrastructure with the Ovoot Tolgoi Mine. The Company has initiated mine planning and an application for a mining license, which will be submitted for development of this project. Environmental baseline studies have been completed and general environmental impact assessments have begun. The Company is also studying the feasibility of building a coal preparation plant for the Soumber coal to remove rock partings and produce a hard coking coal product.

Tsagaan Tolgoi Deposit

The Tsagaan Tolgoi coal field is located in south-central Mongolia. The property is located in the Omnogovi Aimag approximately 570 km south of Ulaanbaatar and 113 km southeast of the provincial capital of Dalanzadgad, and approximately 115 km west of Oyu Tolgoi.

A coal delineation program was first carried out in 2004, but no further work was conducted in 2005. Exploration programs were carried out during 2006 and 2007 to provide the basis for a resource estimate. In February 2008, Norwest estimated 23.4 million tonnes of measured resources, 13.0 million tonnes of indicated resources and 9.0 million tonnes of inferred resources. The coal is of volatile bituminous B to C in rank based on ASTM D388 standards and is suitable for use as a thermal coal. The resources appear to be amenable to surface extraction down to a planned depth of 150 m. Details of the assumptions and parameters used to calculate these coal resources and coal quality estimates are set out in the Technical Report entitled, "Coal Geology and Resources – Tsagaan Tolgoi Property" dated March 25, 2008, and available at www.sedar.com.

Effective August 12, 2009, the Mongolian Government issued a mining license for the Tsagaan Tolgoi coal field. The Technical and Economic Study has been completed, and is currently under government review. The Detailed Environmental Impact Assessment was approved on April 9, 2010.

The nearest in-country rail line is the Trans-Mongolia Railway that runs northwest to southeast and connects Ulaanbaatar to Beijing. The nearest point on this line to the Tsagaan Tolgoi Deposit is approximately 400 km to the east at the Chinese border. Limited infrastructure exists at Tsagaan Tolgoi and will need to be developed prior to any mining operations. The Tsagaan Tolgoi Deposit is located close to Ivanhoe's Oyu Tolgoi copper and gold project and has the potential to supply coal to any power project that may, in the future, be established there.

The Company has no current plans to develop the Tsagaan Tolgoi Deposit, although the property remains a deposit that could be developed in the future.

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4. MINERAL PROPERTIES (Continued)

Tavan Tolgoi Extension Area

The Tavan Tolgoi Extension Area is composed of seven exploration licenses located east of Dalanzadgad, the provincial capital in the Omnogovi Aimag. These exploration licenses surround the third party-owned Tavan Tolgoi coal project. The Tavan Tolgoi coal field was discovered in the 1950's by a joint Mongolian/Soviet team and is believed to be one of the largest undeveloped metallurgical coal deposits in the world.

A field reconnaissance program was carried out on the Tavan Tolgoi Extension licenses in 2006. The exploration area has been surveyed for copper and gold exploration using BHP Falcon aerial geophysics. The Company has obtained the aeromagnetic and aero gravity survey data and is using the results of the upcoming analysis of the Falcon data to help delineate potential coal targets. Exploration work on the extension continued in 2007, 2008 and 2009. A minimum amount of work will be carried out in 2010 to maintain the exploration licenses.

Exploration Program

A number of the exploration licenses are associated with the broader Ovoot Tolgoi Complex and the Soumber Deposit. The Company considers many of these to be prospective exploration properties, which have yet to be fully explored.

The exploration program in 2010 includes drilling, trenching and geological reconnaissance on a number of license areas which are identified as having good potential for coking and thermal coal deposits.

Substantive physical exploration for 2010 commenced in March. As at the end of April, \$3.5 million has been spent, including 19.8m³ of trenching and over 29,000 meters of drilling (both core and reverse circulation). Key targets so far have been the fields surrounding the Soumber Deposit and a target approximately six kilometers to the south-west of the Ovoot Tolgoi Complex known as the SW target.

The drilling program will focus primarily on further definition of known coal occurrences to bring them to a 43-101 compliant resource definition stage and to allow for registration with the Mongolian government as the next step toward expanding the Company's mining license holdings.

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5. SELECTED QUARTERLY DATA

(\$ in thousands, except per share information)

QUARTER ENDED	2010	2009				2008		
	31-Mar	31-Dec	30-Sep	30-Jun	31-Mar	31-Dec	30-Sep	30-Jun
Revenue	\$ 13,917	\$ 9,960	\$11,871	\$10,667	\$ 3,541	\$ 3,126	\$ -	\$ -
Income from mine operations	1,187	1,524	3,234	1,528	328	949	-	-
Exploration expenses	(1,651)	(739)	(2,149)	(1,743)	(768)	(4,959)	(8,468)	(9,125)
Finance (costs) and income	(162,434)	(61,789)	(640)	(353)	(57)	147	584	580
(Loss)/Income from continuing operations	(168,271)	(70,187)	2,224	(5,138)	(6,616)	(11,370)	(18,222)	(9,956)
Income/(Loss) from discontinued operations	-	1,034	(26,006)	(2,772)	(3,344)	(5,637)	(4,555)	(3,625)
Net loss	(168,271)	(69,153)	(23,782)	(7,910)	(9,960)	(17,007)	(22,777)	(13,581)
Net loss per share	(1.09)	(0.52)	(0.18)	(0.06)	(0.08)	(0.13)	(0.17)	(0.11)

Review of Quarterly Financial Results

The changes in comparative results of operations on a quarter over quarter basis are due primarily to significant fluctuations in the following areas: revenue, exploration expenses, stock-based compensation charges, foreign exchange gains and losses, interest expense, loss on partial conversion of the convertible debenture and fair value change of embedded derivatives in convertible debt. These latter two items are described in Notes 7 and 14 of the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements.

The Company incurred a net loss for the three months ended March 31, 2010 of \$168.3 million compared to a net loss \$69.2 million for the three months ended December 31, 2009 and a net loss of \$10.0 million for the three months ended March 31, 2009.

Revenue and income from mine operations relate to the Mongolia Coal Division. Revenues increased to \$13.9 million in the first quarter of 2010 from \$10.0 million in the fourth quarter of 2009 and \$3.5 million in the first quarter in 2009. Revenues have increased due to higher sales volumes and higher realized sales prices.

In the first quarter of 2010, the Company shipped approximately 426,000 tonnes at an average realized selling price of \$36 per tonne. This compares to 359,000 tonnes of coal at an average realized selling price of \$29 per tonne in the fourth quarter of 2009 and 127,000 tonnes at an average realized price of \$29 per tonne in the first quarter of 2009. Variability in the realized selling price relates primarily to increased prices of individual customer contracts.

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5. SELECTED QUARTERLY DATA (Continued)

Income from mine operations decreased to \$1.2 million in the first quarter of 2010 from \$1.5 million in the fourth quarter of 2009. Income from mine operations in the first quarter of 2010, however, was higher than the comparative quarter in 2009. Income from mine operations will vary depending on sales volume, sales price, production and unit costs. Although sales volume increased in the first quarter of 2010, income from mine operations was impacted by higher costs due to an initiative to realign the open-pit at Ovoot Tolgoi Mine.

The loss from continuing operations includes finance costs for the three months ended March 31, 2010 of \$163.0 million compared to \$61.9 million in the fourth quarter of 2009 and \$0.06 million in the first quarter of 2009. The significant increase in finance costs in the first quarter of 2010 and the fourth quarter of 2009 is due to the CIC convertible debenture financing. (See Finance (Costs)/Income section).

Discontinued operations for the three months ended December 31, 2009 and March 31, 2009 relate to the disposal of the Indonesia Coal Division.

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6. RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

	Three months ended	
	March 31,	
	2010	2009
Volumes, Prices and Costs		
Coal production (<i>millions of tonnes</i>)	0.22	0.16
Coal sales (<i>millions of tonnes</i>)	0.43	0.13
Average realized sales price (<i>per tonne</i>)	\$ 35.52	\$ 29.26
Total cash costs of product sold (<i>per tonne</i>)	\$ 23.32	\$ 18.51
Direct cash costs of product sold (<i>per tonne</i>)	\$ 22.25	\$ 14.29
Operating Statistics		
Total waste material moved (<i>millions of bank cubic metres</i>)	1.50	0.34
Strip ratio (<i>bank cubic metres of waste rock per tonne of clean coal produced</i>)	6.79	2.19
Operating Results (<i>thousands of dollars</i>)		
Revenue	\$ 13,917	\$ 3,541
Cost of sales	(12,730)	(3,213)
Income from mine operations	1,187	328
Administration expenses	(6,034)	(6,119)
Evaluation and exploration expenses	(1,651)	(768)
Operating loss from continuing operations	\$ (6,498)	\$ (6,559)

In the three months ended March 31, 2010, 0.22 million tonnes of coal was produced with a strip ratio of 6.79 compared to 0.16 million tonnes produced in the three months ended March 31, 2009 with a strip ratio of 2.19.

In December 2009, the Company commenced realigning the open-pit for a north-south entry. Waste removal at Ovoot Tolgoi was originally along the seam's strike-length, i.e. east-west. This allowed for better cost controls when financing was more constrained by reducing the strip ratio and waste movements and allowing customer trucks to enter directly in the shallow pit for loading. However, such alignment is not beneficial for the longer-term because it becomes less efficient as the pit depth increases.

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6. RESULTS OF OPERATIONS (Continued)

Realigning for a north-south entry is expected to provide the following long-term benefits:

- allow for longer mining faces to be exposed for larger shovels (eg 996) to access;
- enable mining of the thinner 8, 9 and 10 seams 'face on' as opposed to 'along strike' enabling cleaner mining and a lower ash higher value product; and
- allow more efficient access for haul trucks as the pit deepens.

Realigning the pit has impacted operations because the process requires substantial above-trend waste removal. The open-pit realignment is the primary cause of the strip ratio increase to 6.79 in the first quarter of 2010 and the resulting increase in direct cash costs of production and a constrained availability of coal. The Company expects the open-pit realignment to be completed late in the second quarter of 2010. Once the open-pit realignment is complete, coal production levels are expected to be higher with improved control of product quality.

The Company incurred an operating loss from continuing operations for the three months ended March 31, 2010 of \$6.5 million compared to \$6.6 million loss in the same period in 2009. The operating loss is impacted by the factors discussed below.

In the three months ended March 31, 2010, the Company shipped approximately 0.43 million tonnes of coal at an average realized selling price of approximately \$36 per tonne. This compares to 0.13 million tonnes of coal shipped in the three months ended March 31, 2009 at an average realized selling price of \$29 per tonne.

Cost of sales was \$12.7 million in the three months ended March 31, 2010, compared to \$3.2 million for the three months ended March 31, 2009. The increase in cost of sales relates to the higher sales volume and higher costs in 2010. During the quarter ended March 31, 2010, the Company continued to realign the open-pit resulting in higher operating costs. Additional mobile equipment also resulted in higher depreciation in the quarter ended March 31, 2010. Cost of sales is comprised of three main components, direct cash costs, mine administration costs and non-cash items. Non-cash items include depreciation, depletion and stock-based compensation. Cost of sales will vary depending on sales volume, production and unit costs which directly affects income from mine operations.

Direct cash costs were \$22.25 per tonne in the three months ended March 31, 2010 compared to \$14.29 for the same period in 2009. The increase in direct cash costs is due to the realignment of the open-pit in the first quarter of 2010, which resulted in a higher ratio of waste removal per tonne of coal produced.

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6. RESULTS OF OPERATIONS (Continued)

Mine administration costs per tonne decreased to \$1.07 per tonne for the three months ended March 31, 2010, compared to \$4.22 per tonne for the three months ended March 31, 2009. The decrease per tonne is due to the higher sales volume in 2010.

Exploration expenses for the three months ended March 31, 2010, were higher than the three months ended March 31, 2009. Increased exploration expense in 2010 relates to increased drilling at the Soumber deposit.

Administration expenses for the three months ended March 31, 2010 were \$6.0 million compared to \$6.1 million for the three months ended March 31, 2009. Administration expenses for the three months ended March 31, 2010, includes approximately \$2.5 million of stock-based compensation compared to approximately \$3.3 million for the three months ended March 31, 2009.

The administration expenses consist of the following major categories broken down for comparative purposes (see Note 6 of the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements).

Legal fees for the three months ended March 31, 2010, were higher than the three months ended March 31, 2009. Legal fees include costs associated with the Company's regulatory affairs including expenses associated with corporate governance, contract negotiations, filing, registration and disclosure. Legal fees increased in 2010 due to increased regulatory requirements.

Corporate administration fees are higher in the three months ended March 31, 2010, compared to the three months ended March 31, 2009. The increase predominantly relates to additional administration costs incurred in the Hong Kong office, higher regulatory and filing fees, higher investor relations costs and higher administration support costs for the Mongolia office. Certain of the Company's administrative staff and office facilities are provided by Global Mining Management Ltd. (see 'Related Party Transactions') on a cost recovery basis. Accordingly, quarterly fluctuations in the costs of administrative and personnel costs can be expected commensurate with increases or decreases in quarterly corporate activity and the level of personnel employed.

Professional fees have decreased for the three months ended March 31, 2010, as compared to the three months ended March 31, 2009. The three months ended March 31, 2009 included a corporate consulting contract cost of \$0.5 million for the Mongolian operations. Professional fees include the cost of quarterly reviews, internal computer systems training and planning, technical reports for the Mongolia project and accruals for the year-end audit of the Company's financial statements.

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6. RESULTS OF OPERATIONS (Continued)

Salaries and benefits, excluding stock-based compensation costs, increased in the three months ended March 31, 2010, to \$0.83 million as compared to \$0.42 million for the three months ended March 31, 2009. The increase relates to the additional staff for the three months ended March 31, 2010.

Sustainability, government and community relations are costs incurred in Mongolia. Sustainability, government and community relations expenses were \$0.6 million in the first quarter of 2010. The majority of these costs relate to the upgrading of transportation infrastructure. The Company is committed to contributing to communities in Mongolia and developing and maintaining a positive relationship with the various communities in which the Company operates.

The foreign exchange losses are primarily the result of changes of the U.S. to Canadian dollar ("Cdn\$") and the U.S. to Mongolian Tugrik exchange rates during the period.

Listing fees consist of legal, accounting and professional fees incurred for a secondary listing on the Hong Kong stock exchange. On January 29, 2010 the Company closed a global equity offering and commenced trading on the Main Board of the Hong Kong Stock Exchange. Listing fees incurred in the three months ended March 2010 were capitalized as share issue costs. Listing fees incurred in the three months ended March 31, 2009 were expensed. Normally the Company would treat all charges as share issue costs upon a successful equity fundraising, however due to the uncertainty in the timing of a possible equity financing in 2009 listing fees were expensed in the first quarter of 2009.

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7. NON-IFRS FINANCIAL MEASURES

(\$ in thousands, unless otherwise stated)

This Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations ("MD&A") refers to certain financial measures, such as "cash costs", which are not standardized measures recognized under IFRS and do not have a standardized meaning prescribed by IFRS. These measures are commonly utilized in the mining industry and are considered informative for management, shareholders and analysts. These measures may differ from those made by other corporations and accordingly may not be comparable to such measures as reported by other mining companies.

Cash costs is the term used by the Company to describe the cash production costs and consists of cost of product, which includes direct and indirect costs of production.

	Three months ended	
	March 31,	
	2010	2009
Cash costs, continuing operations		
Cost of sales per financial statements	\$ 12,730	\$ 3,213
Less non-cash adjustments	(2,797)	(855)
Total cash costs	9,933	2,358
Coal sales (000's of tonnes)	426	127
Total cash costs of product sold (per tonne)	\$ 23.32	\$ 18.51

	Three months ended	
	March 31,	
	2010	2009
Cash costs, continuing operations		
Direct cash costs of product sold (per tonne)	\$ 22.25	\$ 14.29
Mine administration cash costs of product sold (per tonne)	1.07	4.22
Total cash costs of product sold (per tonne)	\$ 23.32	\$ 18.51

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8. EXPLORATION COSTS AND DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS BY DIVISION

(\$ in thousands)

	Three months ended	
	March 31,	
	2010	2009
Mongolian Coal Division	\$ 1,651	\$ 768
Indonesian Coal Division - Discontinued Operations	-	3,362
Total Exploration	\$ 1,651	\$ 4,130

Mongolia Coal Division

Exploration costs are charged to operations until such time as it has been determined that a property has economically recoverable reserves, in which case the costs incurred to develop a property are capitalized. Exploration expenditures include consulting-geological, drilling, license fees, office costs and salaries and benefits.

The costs of pre-development, overburden removal and stripping activities, which are incurred in the pre-production stage are expensed as incurred. The Company commenced mining operations in Mongolia on April 2, 2008, and costs incurred for site development prior to the production phase were expensed.

The exploration expenditures for the three months ended March 2010 were \$1.7 million compared to \$0.8 million in the three months ended March 31, 2009. Exploration activities include drilling, trenching and geological reconnaissance. The Soumber exploration program is a full geotechnical and hydrological study and is a follow-up to the exploration activities that were conducted in 2008. Additional drilling commenced in March 2010 on the Soumber deposit. The drilling will expand and better define the resource. The 2009 exploration program focused on Soumber, Greenfields and Tsagaan Tolgoi.

Indonesia Coal Division – Discontinued Operations

The sale of the Mamahak Deposit is disclosed as discontinued operations in 2009. Exploration expenditures were \$3.4 million for the three months ended March 31, 2009. The Company continued exploration activities in Indonesia in 2009 until development work was suspended in October 2009.

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9. FINANCE (COSTS)/INCOME

(\$ in thousands)

	Three months ended	
	March 31,	
	2010	2009
Fair value change of embedded derivatives in convertible debenture	\$ (1,372)	\$ -
Loss on partial conversion of convertible debenture	(151,353)	-
Interest expense on convertible debenture	(9,529)	-
Interest expense on line of credit facilities	(56)	(53)
Mark to market loss on investments	(685)	-
Accretion of asset retirement obligation	(14)	(9)
Interest income	575	5
	\$ (162,434)	\$ (57)

In November 2009, the Company entered into a financing agreement with a wholly owned subsidiary of CIC for \$500 million in the form of a secured, convertible debenture bearing interest at 8.0% with a maximum term of 30 years. The financing is required primarily to support the accelerated investment program in Mongolia and up to \$120 million of the financing may also be used for working capital, repayment of debt due on funding, general and administrative expense and other general corporate purposes.

The convertible debenture is a hybrid debt instrument, containing a debt host component and three embedded derivatives. The debt host is measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. The embedded derivatives are measured at fair value and all changes in fair value will be recognized in profit or loss immediately.

Pursuant to the debenture conversion terms, the Company had the right to call for the conversion of up to \$250 million of the debenture upon achieving a public float of 25% of its common shares based on a conversion price of the lower of Cdn\$11.88 and the 50-day volume-weighted average price ("VWAP"). On March 29, 2010, the Company exercised this right and completed the conversion of \$250 million of the convertible debenture into 21,471,045 shares at a conversion price of \$11.64 (Cdn\$11.88). On March 29, 2010, the Company also settled all the accrued interest payable in shares on the converted \$250 million by issuing 90,000 shares for the \$1.4 million in accrued interest converted at the 50-day VWAP conversion price of \$15.97 (Cdn\$16.29). On April 1, 2010, the Company also settled the outstanding accrued interest payable in cash on the converted \$250 million with a cash payment of \$5.7 million.

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9. FINANCE (COSTS)/INCOME (Continued)

For the three months ended March 31, 2010, the fair value change on the embedded derivative including the component which was converted during the quarter was a \$1.4 million loss, the loss on partial conversion of the convertible debenture was \$151.4 million and the interest expense was \$9.5 million.

In 2009, as part of the sale of the Metals Division, the Company obtained a \$30 million working capital credit facility from Ivanhoe. The credit facility was for a one year term with a one year discretionary extension. The credit facility was unsecured and carried an interest rate equal to LIBOR plus 750 basis points. In July 2009, the Company and Ivanhoe agreed to increase the existing working capital credit facility from \$30 million to \$60 million. The amended credit facility had an original maturity date of December 31, 2010, was unsecured and had an interest rate of LIBOR plus 750 basis points. The amended facility also required repayment in the event that the Company acquired additional financing from a third party source and provided for an extension fee of \$1.5 million payable in the event any portion of the facility was outstanding past March 31, 2010. In November 2009, after receiving the financing from CIC, the Company repaid the \$50 million in principal plus \$1.6 million in interest expense. The Company incurred interest expense of \$0.05 million for the three months ended March 31, 2009.

The mark to market loss on investments includes the mark to market on the 50 million shares of Kangaroo Resources Ltd., which were received as proceeds for the sale of the Indonesia Coal Division, and certain money market instruments.

The Company recognizes asset retirement obligations in the period in which they are incurred. The liability component is measured at fair value and is adjusted to its present value as accretion expense is recorded.

Interest income was higher in the three months ended March 31, 2010 compared to the three months ended March 31, 2009, due to higher cash balances which relate to the CIC convertible debenture and the completion of the equity financings in early 2010. Lower interest income during 2009 reflects lower average cash balances. The current economic climate has resulted in very low interest rates especially in the United States.

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10. TAXES

In the three months ended March 31, 2010, the Company recorded current income tax expense of \$0.01 million related to its Mongolian operations. The Company believes profitable operations in Mongolia are probable and has therefore recorded a deferred income tax recovery of \$0.67 million in the first quarter of 2010 related to deductible temporary differences and the carry forward of unused tax losses.

11. LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

Cash Flow Highlights

(\$ in thousands)

	Three months ended	
	March 31,	
	2010	2009
Cash used in operating activities	\$ (7,407)	\$ (9,414)
Cash used in investing activities	(46,768)	(5,758)
Cash generated by financing activities	420,156	8,222
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes on cash	92	15
Increase/(decrease) in cash for the period	366,073	(6,935)
Cash balance, beginning of the period	357,342	10,340
Cash balance, end of the period	\$ 723,415	\$ 3,405

General market conditions

Global economic conditions have improved and stability appears to be returning to the financial and commodity markets. Despite the improvements the Company remains cautious about the speed and strength of the economic recovery. Labour markets continue to be weak, excess production capacity exists in developed economies and China appears to be taking measures to control growth and inflation. Notwithstanding the Company's caution in the short term, the Company expects demand for imported coal in China and India to grow through 2010 and into the foreseeable future. Management continues to monitor external conditions and their impact on the Company's business plans for the upcoming year.

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11. LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES (Continued)

Cash used in operating activities

At March 31, 2010, the Company had cash resources of \$723.4 million compared to cash resources of \$357.3 million at December 31, 2009.

Cash used in continuing operations was \$7.4 million for the three months ended March 31, 2010, compared to \$5.9 million for the three months ended March 31, 2009. Cash used in discontinued operations for the three months ended March 31, 2010 was nil compared to \$3.5 million for the three months ended March 31, 2009.

The Company incurred a net loss from continuing operations before tax of \$168.9 million for the three months ended March 31, 2010 compared to a net loss from continuing operations of \$6.6 million for the three months ended March 31, 2009. In the three months ended March 31, 2010, the Company recorded revenue of \$13.9 million compared to the three months ended March 31, 2009 when the Company recorded revenue of \$3.5 million. The higher revenue in 2010 was offset by higher cost of sales and finance costs. With the increased activities at the Ovoot Tolgoi site and the operations in Mongolia, accounts receivable, inventory, and accounts payable increased during the three months ended March 31, 2010.

Accounts receivable include funds due from government taxation authorities (Goods and Services Tax or Value Added Tax). Verification of the collectability of the funds from government taxation authorities was conducted in the fourth quarter of 2008, early 2009 and the fourth quarter of 2009. Payment of accounts receivable due from government taxation authorities in Mongolia could be delayed, and is being used to offset future income taxes payable on account.

In July 2009, Mongolian tax law was amended to preclude producers and exporters of unfinished mineral products from claiming back VAT. The Mongolian government has yet to define what products will qualify as finished mineral products and any VAT amounts impacted will be prospective from the effective date of the law, August 16, 2009. The Company is monitoring the amendments to the tax law regarding current claims for Value Added Tax.

The Company is also closely monitoring collectability of outstanding accounts receivable for current coal sales. Although all accounts are currently in order, unfavorable market conditions may have an impact on future collectability.

Prepaid balances and deposits have decreased during 2010. The decrease relates to the timing of prepayments for Mongolian exploration licenses, supplies, and insurance.

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11. LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES (Continued)

Coal and supplies inventory have increased to \$18.3 million at March 31, 2010, from \$16.4 million at the year ended December 31, 2009 due to increased activity and more mobile equipment on site. Coal and supplies inventory is valued at the lower of cost and net realizable value. Coal inventory cost of \$3.8 million includes direct and indirect labour, operating materials and supplies, transportation costs and an appropriate portion of fixed and variable overhead expenses including depreciation and depletion. Supplies inventory consists of consumable parts and supplies.

The Company had a stockpile of approximately 0.18 million tonnes of coal inventory at March 31, 2010, 0.39 million tonnes at December 31, 2009 and 1.1 million tonnes at March 31, 2009.

Accounts payable have increased slightly in the three months ended March 31, 2010. Increased activity in Mongolia has been offset by the lower corporate balances.

Cash used for investing activities

Cash used for investing activities was \$46.8 million for the three months ended March 31, 2010, compared to \$5.8 million for the three months ended March 31, 2009.

The Company's investment in property, plant and equipment was higher during 2010 as the Company realigns the open-pit and prepares to ramp up production. Deposits for further mining equipment are included as plant and equipment. The Company incurred expenditures in the three months ended March 31, 2010 for mobile and mining equipment and deferred stripping in Mongolia. The Company incurred expenditures during the three months ended March 31, 2009 for tires, mobile and mining equipment.

In the three months ended March 31, 2010, after the receipt of the proceeds from the equity financing, the Company invested \$30.0 million in longer term money market instruments. During the first quarter of 2010, short term money market investments of \$15.0 million also matured.

Interest income will increase or decrease depending on the cash position and interest rates. Interest was higher in the three months ended March 31, 2010 compared to the three months ended March 31, 2009 due to higher cash balances which related directly to the completion of the equity financings and the proceeds from the CIC convertible debenture. The current economic climate has resulted in very low interest rates especially in the United States.

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11. LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES (Continued)

Cash provided by financing activities

On January 29, 2010, the Company announced that it had closed the global equity offering of 27 million common shares of the Company at a price of Cdn\$17.00 per common share, for gross proceeds of \$437.4 million. The Company's future plans for the proceeds include, expanding the existing production capacity of the open pit mine at the Ovoot Tolgoi Mine, assess, construct and develop the regional infrastructure and the coal transportation infrastructure, completion of technical and engineering assessment, for construction of value added facilities, exploration activities and general corporate purposes, which may include provision of working capital and general exploration, development and acquisition activities.

On February 26, 2010, the Company announced that Citigroup Global Markets Canada Inc. and Macquarie Capital Markets Canada, representatives of the Canadian underwriters of the Company's global equity offering, partially exercised their over-allotment option and purchased an additional 228,100 common shares of the Company at a price of Cdn\$17.00 per share for gross proceeds of \$3.7 million.

On December 18, 2009, the Company established a line of credit facility with Golomt Bank in Mongolia. The bank line of credit facility is a twelve month revolving line of credit facility with a maximum draw-down available of \$3.0 million. The line of credit facility is used by the Company's Mongolian subsidiaries as part of their working capital management. During the three months ended March 31, 2010, the Company had drawings of \$9.8 million and repayments of \$9.9 million. The principal balance outstanding as at March 31, 2009 was \$3.0 million.

On December 31, 2008, the Company announced the sale of its Metals Division to Ivanhoe for \$3.0 million and other non-cash consideration. As part of the sale transaction, the Company obtained a \$30.0 million credit facility from Ivanhoe. The credit facility was for a one year term with a one year discretionary extension. The credit facility was unsecured and carried an interest rate equal to LIBOR plus 750 basis points. In July 2009, the Company and Ivanhoe agreed to increase the existing working capital credit facility from \$30.0 million to \$60.0 million. The amended credit facility had an original maturity date of December 31, 2010, was unsecured and had an interest rate of LIBOR plus 750 basis points. The amended facility also required repayment in the event that the Company acquired additional financing from a third party source and provided for an extension fee of \$1.5 million payable in the event any portion of the facility was outstanding past March 31, 2010. In November 2009, after receiving the financing from CIC, the Company repaid the \$50.0 million in principal plus \$1.6 million in interest expense. During the three months ended March 31, 2009, the Company's drawings under the line of credit were \$8.0 million.

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11. LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES (Continued)

Liquidity, Financing and Working Capital Resources

The Company is an integrated coal exploration, development and production company. Based on proceeds from CIC and the net proceeds from the global equity offering, the Company does not anticipate any additional funding requirements in the near future.

In November 2009, the Company entered into a financing agreement with a wholly owned subsidiary of CIC for \$500.0 million in the form of a secured, convertible debenture bearing interest at 8.0% with a maximum term of 30 years. The financing is required primarily to support the accelerated investment program in Mongolia and up to \$120.0 million of the financing may also be used for working capital, repayment of debt due on funding, general and administrative expense and other general corporate purposes.

On March 29, 2010, the Company exercised the right to call for the conversion of up to \$250.0 million of the convertible debenture into 21,471,045 shares at a conversion price of \$11.64 (Cdn\$11.88). Following the conversion CIC through its indirect wholly owned subsidiary, owns approximately 13% of the Company.

On January 29, 2010, the Company announced that it had closed the global equity offering of 27 million common shares of the Company at a price of Cdn\$17.00 per common share, for gross proceeds of \$437.4 million. On February 26, 2010, the Company announced a partial exercised of the over-allotment option and issued an additional 228,100 common shares of the Company at a price of Cdn\$17.00 per share for gross proceeds of \$3.7 million.

The Company plans to use the net proceeds from the financings above to carry out the following activities:

- Expansion of the production capacity at the Company's Ovoot Tolgoi open-pit mine
- Assessment, construction and development of regional transportation infrastructure
- Assessment and construction of value added facilities such as a coal handling facility and a washing plant
- Exploration and development of the Soumber deposit
- General exploration, development and acquisition activities
- Working capital, general and administrative expenses and other general corporate purposes

To date, the Company's actual use of such proceeds has not varied from the anticipated use of proceeds set out above.

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12. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Company is a party to a shareholders' cost-sharing agreement with certain other public and private companies, including Ivanhoe (the "Other Companies") pursuant to which the Company and the Other Companies are equal shareholders in Global Mining Management Ltd. ("GMM") and, through GMM, share office space, furnishings and equipment and communications facilities (on a cost recovery basis) and the employment, on a part-time basis, of various administrative, office and management personnel in Vancouver, British Columbia. Costs of the shared office facilities and the shared part-time employees and service providers are recovered from the Company proportionate to the time spent by the shared part-time employees and service providers on matters pertaining to the Company. Certain of the directors and officers of the Company are also officers and directors of GMM. The Company has utilized the services of the GMM staff and office since September 1, 2003 and has incurred costs of \$0.98 million and \$0.41 million for the three months ended March 31, 2010 and March 31, 2009 respectively.

On December 31, 2008, the Company announced the sale of the Metals Division to Ivanhoe for \$3.0 million and other non-cash consideration. The Metals Division consisted of a series of base and precious metal exploration properties in Mongolia and Indonesia, related assets, employees and contracts. As part of the sale transaction, the Company obtained a credit facility from Ivanhoe, which allowed the Company to receive loan advances from Ivanhoe to an aggregate maximum of \$30.0 million. The credit facility was for a one year term with a one year discretionary extension. The credit facility was unsecured and carried an interest rate equal to LIBOR plus 750 basis points.

In July 2009, the Company and Ivanhoe agreed to increase the existing working capital credit facility from \$30.0 million to \$60.0 million. The amended credit facility had an original maturity date of December 31, 2010, was unsecured and had an interest rate of LIBOR plus 750 basis points. The amended facility also required repayment in the event that the Company acquires additional financing from a third party source and provided for an extension fee of \$1.5 million payable in the event any portion of the facility was outstanding past March 31, 2010. In November 2009, the Company after receiving the financing from CIC repaid the \$50.0 million in principal plus \$1.6 million in interest expense.

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13. OUTSTANDING SHARE DATA

The Company is authorized to issue an unlimited number of common shares without par value and an unlimited number of preferred shares without par value. As at May 14, 2010, 183,779,817 common shares were issued and outstanding. There are also incentive stock options outstanding that are exercisable to acquire 6,928,912 unissued common shares. On a diluted basis, 190,708,729 common shares were outstanding. There are no preferred shares outstanding.

As at May 14, 2010, Ivanhoe, directly and indirectly, owned 105,332,155 common shares representing approximately 57% of the issued and outstanding common shares of SouthGobi.

14. INTERNAL CONTROLS OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING

There has been no change in the Company's internal controls over financial reporting that occurred during the most recently completed quarter that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal controls over financial reporting.

15. RISK FACTORS

The business of mineral exploration and extraction involves a high degree of risk. Few properties that are explored are ultimately developed into production.

Material risks and uncertainties affecting SouthGobi, their potential impact and the Company's principal risk management strategies are substantially unchanged from those disclosed in the Company's MD&A for the year ended December 31, 2009, which is available at www.sedar.com.

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16. OUTLOOK

The Company expects demand for its coal from China will increase. It is difficult to reliably forecast commodity prices and customer demand for the Company's products; however the Company's sales and marketing efforts are providing positive results. Anecdotal evidence suggests Mongolia will set a new record for coal shipments to China in 2010 and become a significant supplier of China's coal needs. During the year the market has continued to advance.

For the month of April 2010, the Company sold in excess of 200,000 tonnes of coal at approximately \$44 per tonne (22% higher than first quarter 2010 pricing).

From an operating perspective, the Company expects the open-pit realignment process to continue through the second quarter of 2010 and impact costs for that quarter. Furthermore, fuel costs continue to be approximately 18% above those costs estimated in the Norwest Study.

Five additional Terex MT4400 (218 tonne) haul trucks have been delivered on site as the first components of the third mining fleet and will be constructed to meet the timing of delivery of the second Liebherr 996 shovel for commissioning by the end of 2010.

The success to date and potential for future growth can be attributed to a combination of the Company's competitive strengths, including the following:

- Projects are strategically located close to China, especially to the fast growing Gansu and Inner Mongolia regions;
- Substantial and growing resources and reserves;
- Produce premium quality coals;
- Low cost structure due to favorable geographic and geological conditions;
- Strong financial profile after the financings in late 2009 and early 2010;
- Established production with strong growth potential through future expansion of existing mine capacity and development of the Company's priority assets; and
- Experienced management team with strong skills in mining, exploration and marketing and are able to leverage the expertise, experience and relationships of its principal shareholder, Ivanhoe.

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16. OUTLOOK (Continued)

Overview and Objectives

The Company continues to focus its efforts on mining, development and exploration of coking and thermal coal products in Mongolia for supply of quality products to customers in China. As the Company looks forward through the balance of 2010, the Company is encouraged by the positive developments in Mongolia. The Company is making progress with its sales and marketing efforts, continuing to focus on efficiency and prudent financial management and intends to manage production levels to meet anticipated demand for the Company's products.

The Company's objectives for 2010 remain the same and are as follows:

- **Grow Ovoot Tolgoi Mine** – The additional capacity of the new mining fleets should support strong growth in coal availability and sales for 2010 over 2009, and the future.
- **Continue to develop regional infrastructure** – The Company's immediate priority centers on improving roads in the area around Ovoot Tolgoi Mine and contributing to new road development.
- **Advancing the Soumber deposit** – SouthGobi intends to further define the deposit with continued exploration work whilst also substantially advancing the feasibility, planning and licensing for a mine at Soumber.
- **Value-adding/upgrading coal** – The Company is developing detailed plans to construct its first coal handling/processing facility in 2010. This first stage will involve basic coal crushing and screening for Ovoot Tolgoi coals to create a more consistent higher quality product for customers.
- **Exploration** – Further green fields exploration will take place, with the company planning an exploration budget in the order of \$10-20 million.
- **Continuing to focus on production safety, environmental protection, operational excellence and community relations.**

May 14, 2010